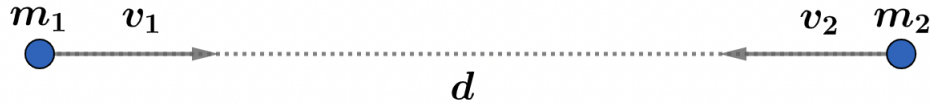


2022B F=ma Exam: Problem 25

Kevin S. Huang



For two masses m_1, m_2 falling towards each other under gravity, starting at separation distance r , we have

$$E = -\frac{Gm_1m_2}{r} = -\frac{Gm_1m_2}{d} + \frac{1}{2}m_1v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2v_2^2$$

by conservation of energy. There are no external forces so linear momentum is also conserved:

$$m_1v_1 = m_2v_2$$

Combining both equations,

$$Gm_1m_2 \left(\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{r} \right) = \frac{1}{2}m_1v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2 \left(\frac{m_1v_1}{m_2} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{m_1m_2}{m_2} + \frac{m_1^2}{m_2} \right) v_1^2$$

$$Gm_2 \left(\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{r} \right) = \frac{(m_1 + m_2)}{2m_2} v_1^2$$

Thus,

$$v_1 = m_2 \sqrt{\frac{2G}{m_1 + m_2} \left(\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{r} \right)}$$

$$v_2 = m_1 \sqrt{\frac{2G}{m_1 + m_2} \left(\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{r} \right)}$$

Their relative speed is

$$v_r = v_1 + v_2 = \sqrt{2G(m_1 + m_2) \left(\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{r} \right)} \propto \sqrt{m_1 + m_2}$$

Since $T \sim v_r^{-1}$,

$$T \propto (m_1 + m_2)^{-1/2}$$

$$\frac{T'}{T} = \sqrt{\frac{m + 2m}{2m + 2m}} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$$

so the answer is D.